



MicroCare™ CCA Specialty Defluxing Solvent

Precision Cleaning Applications

Introduction

MicroCare CCA Specialty Defluxing Solvent is a patented blend of hydrofluorocarbons (Decafluoropentane) and HFC-365mfc (1,1,1,3,3-pentafluorobutane) with trans-1,2-dichloroethylene. It has “zero” ozone-depletion potential, and low global warming potential, making it an ideal replacement for HCFC 141b and perfluorocarbons (PFCs) in many applications. All components of *MicroCare* CCA are accepted under the USA EPA’s Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP).

This product bulletin summarizes product properties, application, use, safety, health, environmental, and regulatory information. Users should also consult the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for additional information. Physical properties of *MicroCare* CCA are detailed in **Tables 1 and 2**.

Table 1:
Physical Properties

Property ¹	CCA
Boiling Point, °C (°F)	37 (99)
Liquid Density, g/cc (lb/gal)	1.35 (11.3)
Vapor Pressure, mmHg (psia)	488 (9.4)
Surface Tension, dyn/cm	18.8
Freezing Point, °C (°F)	-35 (-31)
Heat of Vaporization (at boiling point), cal/g (Btu/lb)	47 (85)
Heat Capacity, cal/g°C (Btu/lb°F)	0.51 (0.51)
Viscosity, cPs	0.57
Flash Point, °C (°F) Closed Cup ² Open Cup ³	None None
Vapor Flammability in Air, vol% Lower Limit Upper Limit	7.5 9.0

Table 2: Density and Vapor Pressure Change with Temperature

Temperature, °C (°F)	Density, g/cc (lb/gal)	Vapor Pressure, mmHg (psia)
0 (32)	1.40 (11.7)	165 (3.2)
10 (50)	1.38 (11.5)	262 (5.1)
20 (68)	1.36 (11.3)	400 (7.7)
25 (77)	1.35 (11.3)	488 (9.4)
30 (86)	1.34 (11.1)	592 (11.4)
40 (104)	1.31 (10.9)	849 (16.4)
50 (122)	1.29 (10.7)	1,187 (23.0)
60 (140)	1.26 (10.5)	1,621 (31.3)

¹ At 25°C (77°F), except where indicated.

² Pensky Martens Closed Cup Tester (ASTM D93)

³ Tag Open Cup Tester (ASTM D1310-86)

Applications

MicroCare CCA is intended for precision cleaning applications to remove light to moderate organic soils from metal or solvent-safe plastic substrates. It is suitable for use in boiling systems such as vapor degreaser systems, due to its excellent compositional stability. Since it has enhanced solvency, compatibility with plastic and elastomeric materials should be checked prior to use.

Vapor degreasing should be used for optimum cleaning effectiveness and economy. Modern vapor containment technology is recommended for both batch and in-line equipment. These systems have higher freeboard and a secondary set of low-temperature (-29 °C [-20°F]) condenser coils to reduce vapor loss.

Plastic and Elastomer Compatibility

Most plastics can be safely cleaned in *MicroCare* CCA. Acrylic, ABS, and polycarbonate parts, particularly if under stress, may show slight cracking or crazing damage and should be tested. EPDM, butyl rubber, Buna-S, and neoprene are recommended for elastomeric parts.

Elastomer swelling and shrinking will, in most cases, revert to within a few percent of original size after air drying. Swell, shrinkage, and extractables are strongly affected by the compounding agents, plasticizers, and curing used in the manufacture of plastics and elastomers. Therefore, prior in-use testing is particularly important.

Tables 3 and 4 summarize test results on short-term exposures of unstressed plastics and elastomers simulating a typical cleaning cycle. Long-term compatibility data simulating exposure of vapor degreaser construction materials is available from *MicroCare* upon request.

Table 3: Plastic Compatibility

Immersion: 15 Minutes at Room Temperature

Compatible	
Polyethylene	Acetal
Polypropylene	Epoxy
Polyester, PET, PBT	Liquid Crystal Polymer
Polyimide, PI, PEI, PAI	Phenolic
Polyetherketone, PEK	PTFE, ETFE
Polyaryletherketone, PEEK	Polyvinylchloride
Polyarylsulfone, PAS	Ionomer
Polyphenylene Sulfide, PPS	Chlorinated PVC
Polysulfone, PSO	
Incompatible ¹	
Polystyrene	ABS
Cellulosic	Acrylic
Polyphenylene Oxide, PPO	

Table 4: Elastomer Compatibility

Immersion: 15 Minutes at Room Temperature

Compatible	
Buna N, NBR, Nitrile	Buna S, SBR, GRS
Butyl Rubber, IIR	Chlorosulfonated PE
EPM, EPDM, Nordel®	Polysulfide
Natural Rubber, Isoprene	Neoprene
Urethane	Viton® B
Silicone	
Incompatible ¹	
None Tested	

¹ Material composition varies depending upon compounding agents, plasticizers, processing, etc. Specific materials should be tested for compatibility with solvent.

Metals and Other Compatibility

MicroCare CCA was found compatible with aluminum, copper, and iron, after exposure for two weeks at 37°C (99°F) in sealed tubes.

MicroCare CCA is not compatible with strong bases; therefore, contact with highly basic process materials is not recommended.

Safety/Exposure Limits

Users of *MicroCare* CCA must read and understand the Safety Data Sheet (SDS). Data from toxicity studies have demonstrated that the components of *MicroCare* CCA have low toxicity and are safe when handled in accordance with *MicroCare* recommendations and when exposures are maintained below recommended exposure limits. *MicroCare* CCA is a skin and eye irritant and has low acute inhalation toxicity. As with many

safely used halocarbon materials, intentional misuse or deliberate inhalation may result in suffocation by oxygen displacement, central nervous system effects or cardiac sensitization effects. Gross over-exposure may be fatal. Table 5 shows the applicable exposure limits for the component materials of *MicroCare CCA*.

Table 5: Exposure Limits

Component	Limit	ppm	Type
Vertrel™ XF	AEL ¹	200 400	8- and 12-hr TWA Ceiling ²
HFC-365mfc	AEL ¹	200	8-hr TWA
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	TLV ³	200	8-hr TWA
<i>MicroCare CCA</i>	AEL ^{1 2}	200	Calculated ⁴

¹ AEL (Acceptable Exposure Limit) is an airborne inhalation exposure limit that specifies time-weighted average concentrations to which nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse effects.

² A ceiling limit is the concentration that should not be exceeded during any part of the working day. The ceiling limit for individual components applies to the blend product as well.

³ TLV (Threshold Limit Value) is an air-borne inhalation exposure limit established by the American Conference of Government and Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) that specifies time-weighted average concentrations to which nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse effects.

⁴ Calculated in accordance with ACGIH formula for TLVs for mixtures.

Safety/Flammability

MicroCare CCA exhibits no closed cup or open cup flash point and is not classified as a flammable liquid by NFPA or DOT. However, the product does exhibit vapor flammability limits in air. Users should clear equipment of all vapors and liquids before performing any maintenance operations that could result in an ignition source. Flash point data and limits of flammability in air provide the user with additional information that should be used as elements of a fire risk assessment and to determine guidelines for the safe handling of volatile chemicals. Users should assure compliance with NFPA standards and local fire codes.

Recovery

MicroCare CCA is easily recoverable by off-line or in-line distillation equipment such as a vapor degreaser or still. The presence of soil, however, may alter the characteristics of the material during the recovery operation. Recovery should be closely monitored to ensure operating levels are maintained. Users should test the spent *MicroCare CCA* to ensure proper classification for waste disposal.

Storage/Handling

MicroCare CCA is thermally stable and does not oxidize or degrade during storage. Store in a clean, dry area. Protect from freezing temperatures. If solvent is stored below -10°C (14°F), mix prior to use. Do not allow stored product to exceed 52°C (125°F) to prevent leakage or potential rupture of container from pressure and expansion.

Consideration should be given to retrofit of existing, or purchase of new, vapor degreasing equipment to provide vapor containment technology that enables safe and economical use of *MicroCare CCA*.

Although *MicroCare CCA* is not classified as a flammable liquid by DOT/NFPA, it does have flammable limits in air. A drum pump is recommended to dispense the product from its container. If an electric drum pump is used, avoid operation near open equipment or when solvent vapors are present. In these cases, consideration should be given to the use of a flammable-rated drum pump. If a large release of vapors occurs, such as from a large leak or spill, the vapors may concentrate near the floor or in subfloor areas and displace the oxygen available for breathing, causing suffocation. Evacuate everyone until the area has been well ventilated. Do not re-enter the affected areas without self-contained breathing apparatus unless the *MicroCare CCA* concentration is below the AEL.

Environmental Legislation

MicroCare CCA is accepted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) under the Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program, as a substitute for ozone-depleting substances (Table 6). The components of MicroCare CCA are listed in the TSCA inventory. One component, HFC-43-10mee, is subject to the Significant New Use Rule (SNUR) and should be used only in the indicated applications. MicroCare CCA is not a hazardous air pollutant (HAP), and therefore not subject to NESHAP regulation. MicroCare CCA is not included in the SARA Title III Section 313 list of toxic chemicals, and is not subject to SARA Title III (EPCRA) reporting requirements.

Specifications

Composition and specifications are shown in Table 7. All components are listed in the TSCA Inventory.

Table 6: Environmental Properties






Property	ODP ¹	GWP (100 yr ITH) ²	Photochemical VOC ³
Vertrel™ XF	0	1300	Exempt
HFC-365mfc	0	890	Exempt
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0	—	Not Exempt

Table 7: MicroCare CCA Specifications

Vertrel™ XF, wt%	30-60%
HFC-365mfc, wt%	30-60%
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene, wt%	10-30%
Nonvolatile Residue, ppm wt	100 max.
Moisture, ppm wt	200 max.
Appearance	Clear, colorless

¹ ODP – ozone depletion potential ² GWP – global warming potential ³ VOC – volatile organic compound

Packaging and Availability

Part Number	Package		Weight	Size
MCC-CCAGL	Glass Liter		2.5 lb (1.13 kg)	1 Liter
MCC-CCAG	Steel Gallon		10 lb (4.54 kg)	1 Gal (3.79 L)
MCC-CCAGG	Glass Gallon		10 lb (4.54 kg)	1 Gal (3.79 L)
MCC-CCAP	Steel Pail		45 lb (20.41 kg)	5 Gal (18.93 L)
MCC-CCAD	Steel Drum		500 lb (226.8 kg)	55 Gal (208.2 L)

Note: Products sold by weight, not volume.

One-gallon and smaller samples in glass containers are available on request.

Discover Perfectly Clean www.MicroCare.com

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